



What is HoneyCure?

HoneyCure is a natural veterinary care product that helps with wounds such as burns, scrapes, cuts, bites, and hot spots.

The ointment is made from UMF 15+ Manuka honey which helps to provide a stable environment for rapid wound healing.

HoneyCure is suitable for:



Dogs



Cats



Horses



Other Animals*

*Please consult a veterinarian before using on a reptile, amphibian, or bird.



The Science Behind HoneyCure

The two main ingredients in HoneyCure are UMF 15+ Manuka honey and tea tree essential oil.

The antimicrobial activity in UMF 15+ Manuka honey is helpful in preventing infection because the Manuka honey creates an inhospitable environment for bacteria to grow.

The tea tree essential oil helps decrease inflammation in the wound.

This combination of honey and essential oil discourages licking because of its unappealing taste and smell. In the case that an animal licks HoneyCure, it is non-toxic. The ointment contains less than a 2% concentration of tea tree essential oil so that it is safe for animals.

Wet Wound Healing

Wet wound healing is the practice of keeping a wound moist during the healing process. Cells prefer a moist environment to heal because it helps to diffuse nutrients and oxygen throughout the body.

Benefits of wet wound healing:

The dressings act as a barrier against germs, dirt, and debris.

Assists in minimizing scar tissue formation.

Helps prevent inflammation, quicken the overall healing process, and encourage better healing!

HoneyCure uses the practice of wet wound healing to promote a better healing process.

The body will always heal a wound, and applying HoneyCure helps support faster and better healing!

About Unique Manuka Factor

Unique Manuka Factor (UMF) is a graded scale set by the Unique Mānuka Factor Honey Association that signifies the honey's quality and purity. If Manuka honey has a UMF rating of 10 or higher, it is considered to be medical grade.

What makes UMF 15+ Manuka honey special?

UMF 15+ Manuka honey has unique antimicrobial activity.

There is a natural presence of methylglyoxal (MGO) and an enzyme that produces hydrogen peroxide that kills bacteria.

The high concentration of sugar and other soluble materials in Manuka honey dehydrate bacteria and absorb fluid from the wound without losing any of its benefits!

Manuka honey is only made from the Manuka bush in New Zealand.

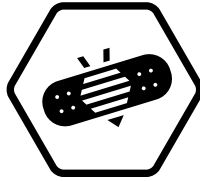


How to Apply HoneyCure



Step 1: Clean

Wash your hands before touching the affected area. Clean the wound with warm water or saline solution. Pat dry.



Step 2: Apply

Apply a thin layer of HoneyCure to the wound. Make sure the ointment completely covers the wound and surrounding area. We recommend covering the wound with a bandage as it heals.



Step 3: Repeat

Every 6-12 hours, reapply HoneyCure and redress the wound. Make sure to keep the area moist. Repeat care until the wound is completely healed.



For serious wounds, seek a veterinary professional as soon as possible.

How to Remove HoneyCure:

To remove HoneyCure, run warm water over the wound. This will cause the ointment to soften and easily wash away. You can gently use your hands to help remove it, but it is not necessary. Don't pull at the ointment or try to scratch it off. This may cause damage to the healing wound and can pull pets' hair out.

F.A.Q.s

How much HoneyCure should the customer apply to the wound?

Apply a thin layer of HoneyCure to the wound site and surrounding area.

Should I be worried about someone's pet consuming HoneyCure?

HoneyCure's unique formula discourages their pet from licking, scratching, or biting the affected area because of its unappealing taste and smell. The product is not intended to be consumed, but it is non-toxic if the animal does lick their wound.

Is tea tree essential oil safe for pets?

Tea tree essential oil is safe to use when it is diluted to a low concentration. HoneyCure contains less than a 2% concentration of tea tree oil which makes it non-toxic to animals.

What is HoneyCure's shelf life?

HoneyCure has a shelf life of three years.

How should someone store HoneyCure?

HoneyCure should be stored in a cool, dry space.

What happens if HoneyCure becomes grainy?

If the honey crystallizes, it is easy to bring it back to its liquid form! Place the container in a warm water bath for around 30 minutes. Crystallization is a natural process that does not affect the benefits of honey, only changes the color and texture.

We are always here to answer any questions that you or a customer may have!

Reach out to us at Info@GetHoneyCure.com or call us at (313)763-9640.